

Application of Penofin® - Verde

Application

- Use Pro-Tech Stripper to remove any non-Penofin stain, Pro-Tech Cleaner to clean the wood, and Pro-Tech Brightener if the wood is gray or discolored to restore the woods original appearance.
- STIR THOROUGHLY BEFORE USING. DO NOT add thinning or blending agents.
- Apply Verde to a clean dry surface. Surface must be free of dirt and sawdust build-up. Do not apply when wood is hot to the touch. Minimum temperature is 45 degrees Fahrenheit.
- Brush or spray on using a pump up sprayer equipped with a plastic tip.
- To allow for maximum penetration wait 30 minutes, then use a nap-free shop cloth and wipe the entire surface, removing excess product.
- Surface will be dry to the touch in four hours, and ready for use in 12 hours.

Product Performance Warranty

PENOFIN® finishes are warranted to perform when applied to wood surfaces according to label instructions. Expect 2 – 5 years on vertical surfaces, 1-2 years on horizontal surfaces depending on use and weather exposure. We recommend preserving the beauty of you horizontal surfaces by re-coating every 9-24 months.

Color Test

Call 1-800-PENOFIN for samples, it is best to test PENOFIN-Verde on your wood to determine the desired color. The shade can be affected by the type of wood, the manner applied, and the length of time the oil is left on.

Maintenance

- When you use Penofin-Verde Maintenance is a snap. Because Penofin is a low-solid product, there is no stripping or sanding necessary. Simply wash the surface with Penofin Pro-Tech Cleaner. Allow the wood surface to dry completely, approximately 24 hours before application.

Coverage

Coverage depends on application method, texture and moisture content of the wood. Coverage is less on rough surfaces and more on smooth surfaces. Average coverage is 175-500 sq.ft. per gallon.

Cleanup

- Clean brushes with soap and water
- **AVOID SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION** of oily rags. Soak all used cloths in a covered metal bucket of water, ensuring the cloths are completely covered with water. Cover until they can be properly disposed of at your local hazardous materials drop-off.

According to the Columbia Encyclopedia, Sixth Edition 2001, "Spontaneous combustion is a phenomenon in which a substance unexpectedly bursts into flame without apparent cause. In ordinary combustion, a substance is deliberately heated to its ignition point to make it burn. Many substances undergo a slow oxidation that, like the rapid oxidation of burning releases heat. If the heat so released cannot escape the substance, the temperature of the substance rises until ignition takes place. Spontaneous combustion often occurs in piles of oily rags, green hay, leaves or coal; it can constitute a serious fire hazard."